www.osram.com



# Light is protecting

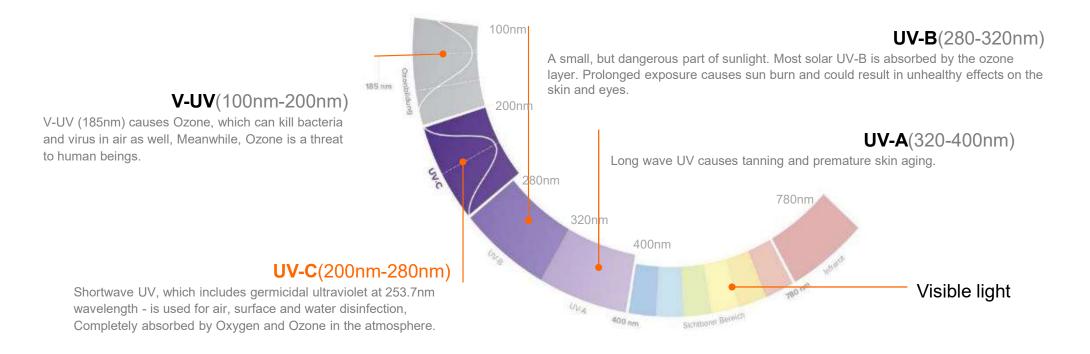
AirZing<sup>™</sup> – powered by OSRAM HNS<sup>®</sup> UV lamps

Light is OSRAM

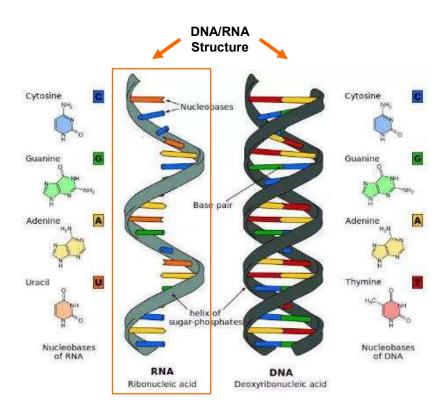


# UV-C is a proven technology of obliterating micro-organisms efficiently

- As we all know, UV is part of sun light, which is an easy way of surface cleaning in our daily life.
- UV is a sort of invisible electromagnetic radiation, with wave length between 100-380nm.
- The very first artificial UV light source was introduced to the world in Germany 200 years ago.

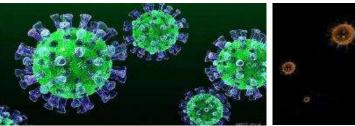


## How does UV-C obliterate microorganisms (bacteria and virus)



The cell nucleus of micro-organisms(bacteria and virus) contains thymine, a chemical element of the DNA / RNA. This element absorbs UV-C at a specific wavelength of 253.7 nm and changes to such an extent (formation of thymine dimers) that the cell is no longer capable of multiplying and surviving.

- UV-C (253.7nm) penetrates the cell wall of the micro-organism
- The high energy photons of the UV-C are absorbed by the cell proteins and DNA / RNA
- UV-C damages the protein structure causing metabolic disruption
- DNA/RNA is chemically altered so organisms can no longer replicate
- Organisms are unable to metabolize and replicate, CAN'T cause disease or spoilage





#### Comparison

V-UV(185nm) also kill micro-organisms as well, but causes Ozone accordingly which is harmful for human beings. It is used for more industrial applications. UV-C is safer.



# **AirZing<sup>™</sup>** – powered by OSRAM UV (HNS)



# AirZing<sup>™</sup> PRO 5030

Product name	AirZing <sup>™</sup> PRO 5030
input voltago	220V±10%
Designed in GERMAN Input Current	0.16A
Output Current	360 mA
Power Consumption	34 W
lamp Wattage	30 W
Power Factor	> 0.9
THD	< 20%
UV-C Output (253.7nm)	11-12W
	>1.2 W/m <sup>2</sup> @1M
AirZing <sup>™</sup> PRO 5030 UV-C irradiance @ 9000 hrs	>0.96 W/m² @1M
	9,000 Hrs
	3 Years
	L1058mm/W54mm/H78mm
99.9% 253.7nm Ozone 360° IR 30s Weight	1.3kg (net)/1.9kg(package)
Coverade Delav	-10 °C~ 35 °C
Storage Temperature	-20 °C∼ 60 °C

# AirZing<sup>™</sup> PRO 5040

						Product name	AirZing <sup>™</sup> PRO 5040
				1		Input Voltage	220V±10%
Designed in GERMA						Input Current	0.19A
Y				-		Output Current	430 mA
			, ~			Power Consumption	40 W
		2				lamp Wattage	36 W
		- 0				Power Factor	> 0.9
						THD	< 20%
	<i>(</i> <b>)</b> ,	1/				UV-C Output (253.7nm)	14-15W
						Initial UV-C irradiance	1.4 W/m² @1M
			AirZir	ng™ <mark>PRO</mark>	5040	UV-C irradiance @ 9000 hrs	>1.24 W/m² @1M
			129 1234	- (6	On going	Lamp life time	9,000 Hrs
			1204			Warranty	3 Years
Efficient	Precise	Premium	Powerful	Smart	Safe	Dimension	L1363mm/W54mm/H78mm
99.9% Sterilization	<b>253.7nm</b> UV wave	Ozone	<b>360°</b>	IR	30s	Weight	1.5kg (net)/2.2kg(package)
efficiency	length	Free	Coverage Area	Sensor	Delay Starting	Operation Temperature	-10 °C~ 35 °C
						Storage Temperature	-20 °C~ 60 °C

**OSRAM** 

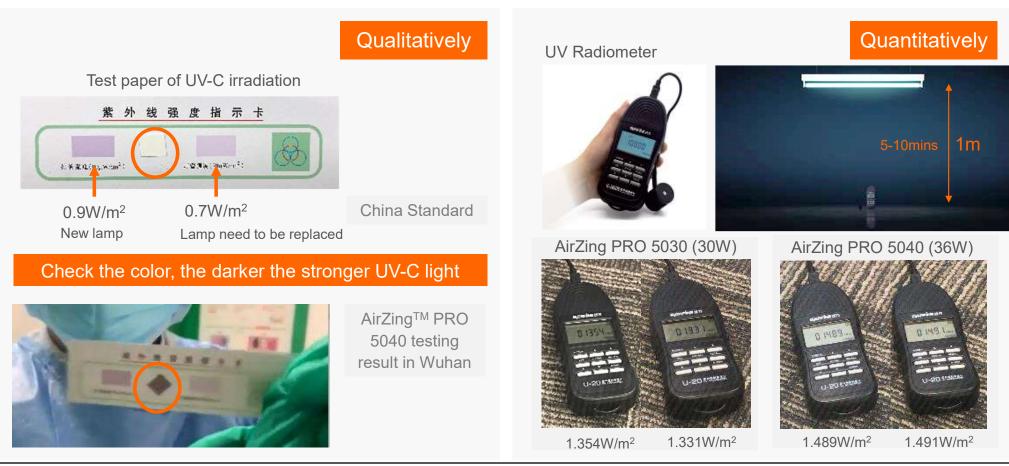
# **Standards and regulations**

GB7000.1 灯具一般要求与试验	EC60598-1 Luminaires - Part 1: General requirements and tests
GB 7000.201 特殊要求固定式通用灯具	IEC60598-2-1 Particular requirements-Fix general purpose Luminaires
GB/T 20145	CIE S 009/E Photobiological safety of Lamps and Lamps Systems
GB/T 17743 电气照明和类似设备的无线电骚扰特性的限值和测试	CISPR 15 Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of electrical lighting and similar equipment
GB 17625 电磁兼容	IEC61000-3-2 Limits for harmonic current emission
CE	IEC/EN60335-1, Household and similar electrical appliances
CE	IEC/EN60335-2-65, Deals with the safety of electric air-cleaning appliances
China ROHS	2011/65/EU(ROHS 2.0)
Viral testing	H3N2 (on going) Escherichia coli Staphylococcus albus Staphylococcus aureus
Cooperate regulation	Q/OCN11-2018

# **Standards and regulations**

JV Lamp Power	4W	6W	8W	13W	15W	18W	30W	36W
nitial UV-C irradiance (uw/cm²)	11	17	22	35	50	62	100	135
JV Lamp Power	7W	9W	11W	18W	24W	36W	55W	
Initial UV-C irradiance (uw/cm <sup>2</sup> )	18	28	40	52	100	150	186	
After the sterilization fixture operated 5mins, to nitial UV-C irradiance should above 93% EOL UV-C irradiance should above 65%	est UV-C irradian	ce under 1M c	listance( μW/c	:m2)	《GB⁄T 19258	3-2012 紫外线	《杀菌灯》	
Ozone shall lower than 0.05mg/kwh								
Measurement of UV-C Irradiance (1) Set the UVC Fixture at 1M height, Put an U (2) After the UVC fixture operated 5mins, test (3) Stable input voltage at AC 220V (4) Initial UV-C irradiance should be above 90	UVC irradiance u µW/cm2。	nder 1M dista		)				
Measurement of UV-C Irradiance (1) Set the UVC Fixture at 1M height, Put an U (2) After the UVC fixture operated 5mins, test (3) Stable input voltage at AC 220V	UVC irradiance u µW/cm2。	nder 1M dista		)				

## How to measure UV-C qualitatively and quantitatively



(Standard 1.00 W/m<sup>2</sup>)

(Standard 1.35 W/m<sup>2</sup>) OSRAM

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## **AirZing<sup>™</sup> installation in hospitals**



Beijing XTS hospital





Wuhan No.1 Hospital



Wuhan No.4 Hospital



Wuhan No.5 Hospital



AirZing<sup>™</sup> in Italy



AirZing in Wuhan



Office building in Wuhan Pulmonary Hospital

OSRAM

#### A testimonial video in Wuhan No.4 hospital



Click to watch the video



- 1. AirZing is working in a room. A notice of "UV-C in service" on the door.
- 2. The door is opened, AirZing is in service, you can see little purple light.
- 3. Once the nurse walks into the room, AirZing is shut down as IR sensor detectives unexpected people in the room to prevent hurt on eyes and skins by UV light.
- 4. A UV-C test paper shows our product is achieved medical standard (the purple color of diamond in middle is much darker than the benchmark rectangulars nearby. The darker the better)

**OSRAM** 

# **Nursery installation in China**









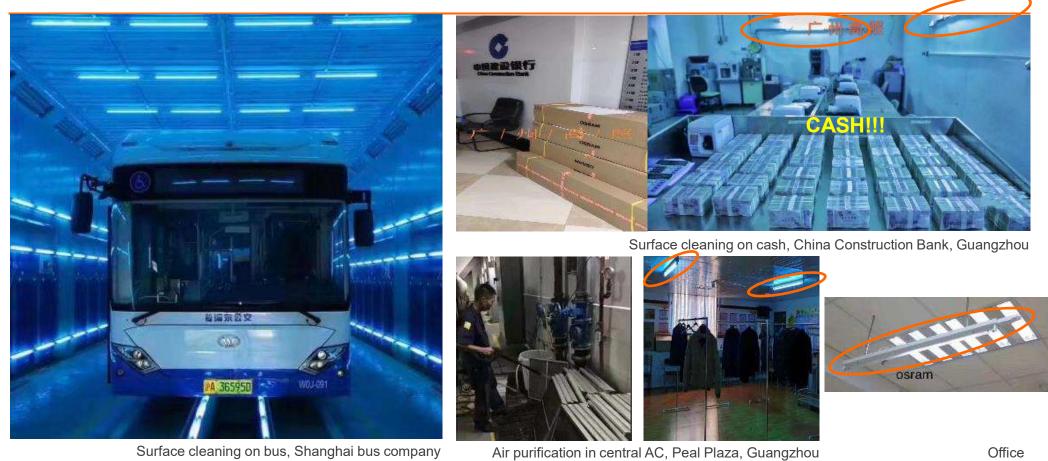








#### **Other installations**



## **Area of applications**

## Water purification

Water must often be rid of pathogenic microorganisms to become safe for drinking. Ultraviolet radiation is employed to change the DNA structure of the microorganisms, either killing the bacteria immediately or rendering them unable to breed. Because UV purification is a physical disinfection method, without any harmful chemicals, it doesn't cause secondary pollution. This means there is no malodorous smell in the water or byproducts.

- Private households
- Water dispensers
- Community water works
- Mobile stations (camping, outdoor activities)
- Swimming pools
- Ultra-pure water systems
- Ponds and aquariums
- Fish farms
- Food processing factories
- Sewage systems

## Air purification

Ultraviolet (UV) purification is a very effective method to clean the air of biological pollutants such as bacteria, viruses and fungal spores. UV germicidal lamps can be installed in ventilation ducts to clean the air passing through them. UV air purification is more economical and efficient than other air filtration and cleaning methods.

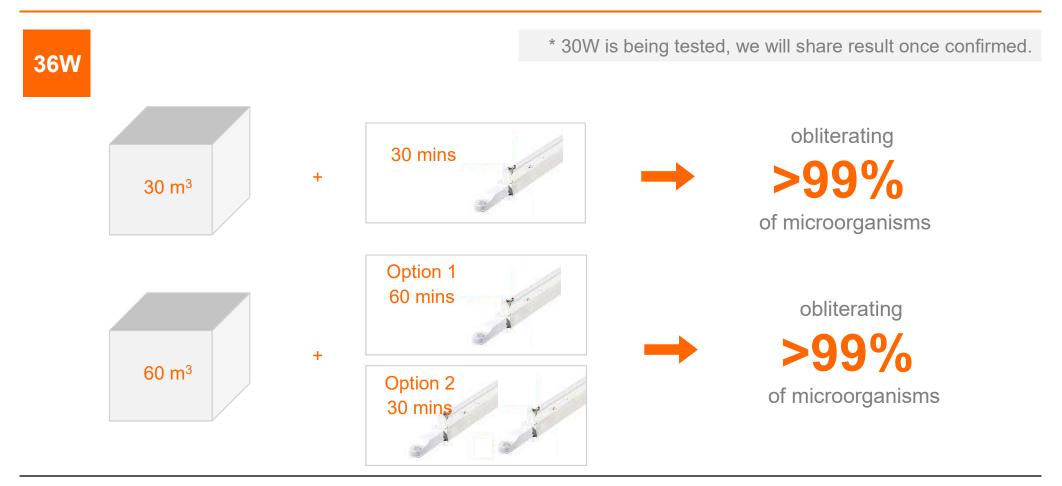
- Hospitals
- Doctors' practices
- Clean rooms
- Offices with or without AC systems
- Cars
- Storage rooms
- Food processing
- Rooms with frequent public access
- Animal stalls

#### Surface cleaning

For packaging pharmaceuticals and food, in aseptic zones in hospitals and for surface cleaning of equipment and instruments objects are exposed directly to UV radiation.

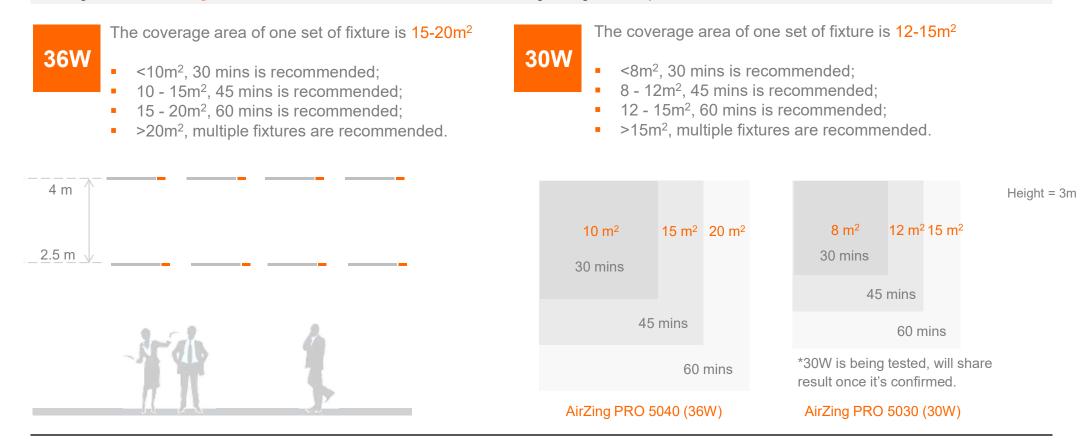
- Hospitals and other aseptic zones
- Health care
- Food and pharmaceutical industry

# How much UV-C we need to obliterate microorganisms Air purification



#### Installation recommendation based on air purification

AirZing<sup>™</sup> can be ceiling mounted or wall mounted, the installation height of general space is between 2.5m-4m.



# How much UV-C we need to obliterate microorganisms -Surface cleaning

#### It depends on

#### Microorganisms UV Susceptibility

Microorganisms structure and inherent ability to recover from damage induced by UV light





Microorganism	99%
Bacillus anthracis(vegetative)	90.4
S. enteritidis	80
B. megatherium sp. (veg.)	75
B. megatherium sp. (spores)	56
B. paratyphosus	64
B. subtilis (mixed)	142
B. subtilis spores	240
Corynebacterium diptheriae	68
Eberthella typhosa	42.8
Micrococcus candidus	121
Micrococcus piltonensis	162
Micrococcus sphaeroides	200
Neisseria catarrhalis	88
Phytomonas tumefaciens	88
Proteus vulgaris	54
Staphylococcus aureus	99

 $J/m^2$ 

Source: CIE 155:2003 UV Air Disinfection

#### $w/m^2$ S $\bigcirc$ How long 1m 36W 30W do we need (a)1.2 1.4 to operate 2.5m 0.22 0.20 our AirZing? (a)0.07 0.088 4m 5 For example: If we have a $10m^2$ space, We use 36W (AirZing PRO 5040) $0.22 \text{ w/m}^2$ The installation height is 2.5m 99 J/m<sup>2</sup> Our target is to kill 99% of Staphylococcus aureus We need to operate 450s = 99/0.227.5 mins

UV dose = Exposure time x UV Irradiance

# **UV-C impacts on materials** (manageable) Aging effect

Upper room irradiation can cause some types of plants to wilt and die. Hanging plants should be removed from these areas of disinfection. Additionally, as with other forms of UV, UV-C can cause paints and other materials to fade and degrade over time.

Source: CIE 155:2003 ULTRAVIOLET AIR DISINFECTION 8.4

UV radiation causes changes to many materials. Any increase in UV flux to the earth's surface will degrade infrastructure more quickly and so generate additional costs for repair and replacement.

Canadian research has addressed the effects of UV on polymers, wood and paper, building materials, paints and coatings, and textiles and clothing, although the main thrust has been on the evaluation of radiation resistance of materials used in space and of clothing materials.

Non-plastic materials such as roofing membranes and outdoor sealants are currently being studied with respect to their resistance to UV but not specifically in the context of enhanced, ozone-related irradiance.

Source: Extracted from material of Environmental Canada 1997, D.I Wardle, J.B. Kerr, C.T. McElroy and D.R. Francis. <u>http://kippzonen-brewer.com/uv/effect-uv-radiation/</u>

## **UV-C** impacts on Human

#### Exposure to UV can cause injury to the eyes and skin

Overexposure to UV- C can result in transient conjunctival irritation (photo conjunctivitis) and skin irritation (erythema), which disappear within a 24-48 hour period without lasting biological damage (CIE, 2002).

#### Source: CIE 155:2003 ULTRAVIOLET AIR DISINFECTION 8.1

Today, the Global Solar UV Index is internationally recognised as the standard for evaluation of the sunburn risk and runs from UVI of 1 to UVI of 11+, where higher UV Index represents higher risk of sunburn and skin damage. The scale is shown below. The Global Solar UV Index can be calculated by multiplying the UVE radiation value by 40 m<sup>2</sup>/W.

Exposure category	UVI range	
Low	<2	
Moderate	3 to 5	
High	6 to 7	
Very high	8 to 10	
Extreme	11+	

#### For example:

- 36W AirZing is installated at 2.5m
- UV-C irradiation is 0.22w/m<sup>2</sup>
- UV Index is 8.8 = 0.22 x 40 very high

Source: Extracted from material of Environmental Canada 1997, D.I Wardle, J.B. Kerr, C.T. McElroy and D.R. Francis. <u>http://kippzonen-brewer.com/uv/effect-uv-radiation/</u>

## **Ozone-free product**

#### NOT exceed the maximum permissible concentration

	Measurements results for me		Research resul mg/m <sup>3</sup>							
	Temperature, °C	Atmosphere pressure, kPa 730731				l i	Name of the	a (2).	Maximum	Normative documents for
	++6					8				
		of air samp					measuring		permissible concentration according to the normative document 10	accuments for research methodology 11
Code of sample	Place of measurements	Number of samplin g point	Air temperat ure, °C	Dis From the floor	tance, m From the source of pollution	Time for sample taking, min.	factor	Revealed concentration		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
	Line F1	2	i.					2 3 N 70		
2307	Technological Equipment Setter (pasting, cap threading,		25	1,5	0,5	9 <sup>20</sup> -9 <sup>36</sup>	ozone	0,096 ± 0,024	0,1	МУК
2308	basing, crimping, ageing)	8 0	_"_	_"_	_"_	9 470_956	_"_	0,069 ± 0,017	- "-	No 1639- 77
2309	Loading of lamps to the ageing machine	-	_"_	-"-	-"-	10 <sup>00</sup> -10 <sup>16</sup>	_"_	0,083 ± 0,021	- "-	- "-
2310	Technological Equipment Setter (pasting, cap threading	12	29	1,5	0,5	10 <sup>20</sup> -10 <sup>36</sup>	ozone	0,096 ± 0,024		2.72
2311	basing, crimping, ageing)	10	36		_"-	10 <sup>40</sup> -10 <sup>56</sup>	_"_	0,082 ± 0,020	- "-	- "-
2312	Came out of lamps from the ageing machine		_"_	_"_	_"_	11 <sup>00</sup> -11 <sup>16</sup>	_"_	0,096 ± 0,024	_ "-	_ "-

Conclusion: The content of ozone in the air in the Technological Equipment Setter's working area does not exceed the maximum permissible concentration, which is in conformity with the requirements of GOST 12.1.005-88 and GN 2.2.5.1313-03

# AirZing<sup>™</sup> can be used in …

